

Hesperia Unified School District

Absence Request – Leave Activity

		Certificated	☐ Classified			
Employee Name:				Employee SSN # (last 4)		
·	epartment;/Posit	ion				
	nistrator/Supervis	-				
	s of Absence	OI				
		should be made two days prior to first day	of absence.	Sick leav	ve could be "after the fact" if unexpected.)	
From:		Number of Days Absent:				
To:		Number of Hours Absent:				
Type of Absence Requested: (Check One)						
	AL	Administrative Leave		MD	Military Duty	
	В	Bereavement		NW	Non Work Day	
	FH	Floating Holiday (Birthday Holiday)		NQA	No Questions Asked (reduces PN/Sick leave bank)	
	CT	Comp Time (Refer to bargaining agreement)		PAT	Paternity (reduces PN/Sick Leave bank)	
	DA/SB/CON	District Assignment/School Business/Conference		PN *	Personal Necessity (reduces sick leave bank)	
	FD	Furlough Day (Full day increments only)		SL	Sick Leave	
	FI	Family Illness (Reduces sick leave bank)		UB	Union Business	
	IA	Industrial Accident (could reduce sick leave bank)		v	Vacation	
	JD	Jury Duty		WP	Without Pay	
	MAT	Maternity Leave (reduces sick leave bank)				
	MAI	Certificated Article #12				
	 Classified Article #15 					
I understand that if I do not have any of the above time available in my specific leave bank, my salary will be docked for the						
hours indicated. By signing below, I certify the above absences to be true and correct.						
Employee Signature Date						
		Administr				
					Long Term Absence (Employee not available for signature)	
Supervisor Signature					Date	

THE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT OF 1993 NOTIFICATION

The Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (FMLA) requires employers to provide up to 12 weeks of unpaid, job-protected leave to "eligible" employees for certain family and medical reasons. Employees are eligible if they have worked for their employer for at least one year, and for 1,250 hours over the previous 12 months, and if there are at least 50 employees within 75 miles. The FMLA permits employees to take leave on an intermittent basis or to work a reduced schedule under certain circumstances. Unpaid leave must be granted for any of the following reasons: to care for the employee's child after birth, or placement for adoption or foster care; to care for the employee's spouse, son or daughter, or parent who has a serious health condition; or for a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the employee's job. The employee may be required to provide advance leave notice and medical certification. Taking of leave may be denied if requirement are not met. The employee ordinarily must provide 30 days advance notice when the leave is "foreseeable". An employer may require medical certification to support a request for leave because of a serious health condition, and may require second or third opinions (at the employer's expense) and a fitness for duty report to return to work. For the duration of FMLA leave, the employer must maintain the employee's health coverage under any "group health plan." Upon return from FMLA leave, most employees must be restored to their original or equivalent positions with equivalent pay, benefits, and other employment terms. The use of FMLA leave cannot result in the loss of any employment benefit that accrued prior to the start of an employee's leave. FMLA makes it unlawful for any employer to: interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of any right provided under FMLA; discharge or discriminate against any person for opposing any practice made unlawful by FMLA or for involvement in any proceeding under or relating to FMLA. The U.S. Department of Labor is authorized to investigate and resolve complaints of violations. An eligible employee may bring a civil action against an employer for violations. FMLA does not affect any Federal or State law prohibiting discrimination, or supersede any State or local law or collective bargaining agreement which provides great family or medical leave rights.